

The Stone Age

Paleolithic Period Mesolithic Period Neolithic Period Bronze Age Iron Age

10,000 BC 1,000 BC 2,300 BC 800 BC 43 AD

Key Locations



Stonehenge - a
prehistoric monument in
Wiltshire, England. It
consists of a ring of
standing stones, with
each standing stone
around 4 metres high.
Its purpose and how it
was built remains
uncertain



Skara Brae - a stonebuilt Neolithic settlement, located in the Orkney region in Scotland. It is a cluster of eight houses, which was occupied between 3000 and 2500 BC.



Maiden Castle - one of the largest and most complex Iron Age hillforts in Europe. It is located in Dorset, England. It was built around 100 BC and once protected hundreds of residents.

Key Knowledge The Stone Age started 3.4 million years ago and is believed to have ended in 3,300 BC. The When did this Bronze Age then began ending happen? in 1200 BC. The Iron Age ended when the Ancient Romans began in 332AD. Most artefacts have been discovered in Northern Where did this Europe. Settlements mostly happen? seem to be in France. Great Britain and areas of Scandinavia.

What did they live in?

During the Stone age people lived in tents made out of animal skin.



3100BC Ancient Egypt 30BC 1200BC Ancient Greece 146BC 753BC Ancient Rome 476AD Stone Age 2500BC Bronze Age 800BC 800BC Age 43AD

Key Vocabulary

Bronze	A metal mostly made
	of copper and another
	metal melted together
Iron	A strong, hard, grey
	magnetic metal mostly
	used in construction
Prehistoric	History before
	information was
	recorded and
	written down
Ancient	Something from the
	very distant past which
	is nolonger in
	existence
Artefact	A man made object
	from the past
Skara Brae	An ancient settlement
	from the Bronze age
	found in Scotland
Mammoth	A large woolly
	mammal,similar to an
	elephant which is now
	extinct
Cave	Paintings found on the
Painting	wall of caves which
	prehistoric people
	used to communicate

- AD-Anno Domini
- BC-Before Christ