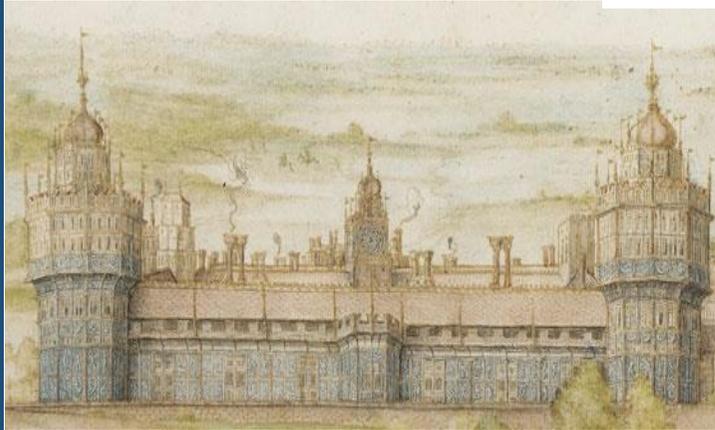




# Tudor palaces in our local area



*Tudor Rose*



## Nonsuch Palace

The birth of Henry VIII's sole surviving son led directly to the destruction of the manor of Cuddington. To celebrate both the securing of the succession and the advent of the thirtieth year of his reign, Henry decided to build a palace which would have no equal and call it "None Such".



## Richmond Palace

Richmond Palace was built by Henry VII on the land of the former Palace of Shene which was damaged by fire in 1497. It was in 1501 that the king changed the name from Shene to Richmond Palace because his father and he were Earls of Richmond in Yorkshire.



## Hampton Court Palace

Thomas Wolsey acquired Hampton Court Palace in 1514. He was the most powerful churchman in the land at that time and would entertain Henry VIII at the palace. In 1525, Wolsey formally presented the palace to the King even though he continued to live there himself.

### Key Vocabulary

monarchy	A system of government that has a king or queen at its head.	Protestant	The second largest branch Christianity that became separate from the Catholic church in the 16 <sup>th</sup> century. Protestants don't have the Pope as their leader.
dynasty	A family of rulers who rule over a country for a long time.	Reformation	An attempt in the 16 <sup>th</sup> century to change the Catholic church that resulted in the creation of Protestant churches.
successor	A person who inherits the throne after the death of the previous king or queen.	dispensation	Permission to ignore or break a rule under special circumstances.
Catholic	The oldest and largest branch of Christianity ruled over by the Pope in Rome.	monastery	A building where people lived, worshiped and devoted their time to God. People who lived in a monastery were called monks.
		dissolution	A formal, legal ending of something.